

204 Barcode Standards

Overview

- 1.0 Standards for Intelligent Mail and POSTNET Barcodes
- 2.0 Standards for Package and Extra Service Barcodes
- 3.0 Standards for Barcoded Tray Labels, Sack Labels, and Container Placards

1.0 Standards for Intelligent Mail and POSTNET Barcodes

1.1 General

[7-10-17] Intelligent Mail barcodes and POSTNET (Postal Numeric Encoding Technique) barcodes are USPS-developed methods to encode ZIP Code information on mail that can be read for sorting by automated machines. Intelligent Mail barcodes also encode other tracking information. POSTNET barcodes do not qualify for automation pricing.

1.2 POSTNET Barcode

1.2.1 General

POSTNET (Postal Numeric Encoding Technique) is the USPS-developed barcode method to encode ZIP Code information on mail that can be read for sorting by automated machines. A POSTNET barcode can represent a 5-digit ZIP Code (32 bars), a 9-digit ZIP+4 code (52 bars), or an 11-digit delivery point code (62 bars). The information content of the barcode is based on the combination of tall (full) bars and short (half) bars. A tall bar represents "1," and a short bar represents "0." When separated into groups of five, these bars sequentially represent each of the digits of the ZIP Code (or ZIP+4 code or delivery point code) for the delivery address, plus an additional digit designated as the *correction digit*. The correction digit is derived from adding the numbers in the ZIP Code (or ZIP+4 or delivery point code) and determining which single-digit number must be added to that sum to make the total a multiple of 10. The first and last bars of the barcode are *frame bars* and must always be full bars.

1.2.2 5-Digit Barcode

A 5-digit barcode is a single field of 32 bars consisting of a frame bar, a series of 25 bars that represent the correct 5-digit ZIP Code for the address on the piece, 5 bars that represent the correction digit, and a final frame bar.

1.2.3 ZIP+4 Barcode

A ZIP+4 barcode is a single field of 52 bars consisting of a frame bar, a series of 45 bars that represent the correct ZIP+4 code for the address on the piece, 5 bars that represent the correction digit, and a final frame bar.

1.2.4 Delivery Point Barcode

A delivery point barcode (DPBC) is formed by adding 10 bars (representing two additional digits) to the ZIP+4 barcode. The correct DPBC must be derived from a CASS-certified delivery point code address matching process. To obtain information on the rules for delivery point code calculation, contact the National



Customer Support Center by calling (toll-free) 1-800-642-2914, or by writing to CASS/ZIP+4 Matching, National Customer Support Center (see 608.8.0 for address). The following unique codes are also valid DPBCs:

- a. For a firm (unique) 5-digit ZIP Code, the correct DPBC represents the 5-digit ZIP Code: either the USPS-assigned -0001 or (if the customer assigns four-digit add-ons to internal separations) the correct four digits applicable to the point of delivery, followed by the last two digits of the primary street number, Post Office box number, or rural/highway contract route box number derived from the standardized address returned by the CASS-certified ZIP+4 or delivery point code address matching process.
- b. For an individual (unique) ZIP+4 code assigned to a business customer, the correct DPBC represents the ZIP+4 code followed by the last two digits of the primary street number derived from the standardized address returned by the CASS-certified ZIP+4 or delivery point address matching process.

1.2.5 POSTNET Barcode Dimensions and Spacing

POSTNET barcodes are subject to these standards for bar dimensions and spacing. Extraneous ink or ink voids must not cause any bar to fail to meet these standards:

- a. A full bar must be 0.125 ± 0.010 inch high.
- b. A half bar must be 0.050 ± 0.010 inch high.
- c. All bars must be 0.020 ± 0.005 inch wide.
- d. Measured over any 1/2 inch, horizontal spacing of the bars must be 22 ±2 bars per inch, and pitch (a bar and a space) must average at least 0.0416 inch but no more than 0.05 inch. The clear vertical space between bars must not be less than 0.012 inch or more than 0.04 inch.

1.3 Intelligent Mail Barcodes

1.3.1 Definition

[5-1-17] An Intelligent Mail barcode is the USPS-developed barcode that mailers use to encode routing and tracking information on mail that can be read by automated mail processing equipment to sort mail and to provide tracking information to the mailers. An Intelligent Mail barcode consists of 65 vertical bars, each representing one of four possible states: full bar, ascender, tracker, and descender. These 65 bars encode a string of 31 digits, divided into two parts: a 20-digit tracking code and an 11-digit routing code (when required). The 11-digit routing code may contain a ZIP Code, a ZIP+4 code, or a delivery point code, unless required to contain a certain level of code in specific applications; no correction digit is needed within an Intelligent Mail barcode. Mailers may use Intelligent Mail barcodes as follows:

a. When used on letters for automation-price eligibility purposes, the routing code must contain a delivery point code that accurately matches the delivery address.



- b. When used on flat-size pieces for automation-price eligibility purposes, the barcode must contain a delivery point routing code that accurately matches the delivery address. When flat-size pieces bear an Intelligent Mail barcode for automation price eligibility, the barcode on a piece that contains an optional endorsement line (OEL) must contain OEL coding that includes information in Exhibit 203.7.1.1 corresponding to the correct sortation level of each bundle. When automation-priced flat-size pieces bear an Intelligent Mail barcode that contains OEL coding information corresponding to the correct sortation, an OEL is also required on the piece. See the Intelligent Mail Barcode Resource Guide available on PostalPro at http://postalpro.usps.com/ for more information on incorporating OELs in Intelligent Mail barcodes.
- c. Reply mail pieces using origin IMb Tracing do not require a Mailer ID (MID) to be encoded into the Mailer Identifier field. All other mailpieces, including QBRM letters and PRM pieces, bearing Intelligent Mail barcodes must include the MID in the Mailer Identifier field. Additional information on IMb Tracing is available under 503.11.0. Mailers printing the Intelligent Mail barcode solely for automation price eligibility can contact the PostalOne! Help Desk at 1-800-522-9085 to obtain a MID.

1.3.2 Specifications

Complete specifications for Intelligent Mail barcodes are defined in USPS publication USPS-B-3200. This publication also provides details on how to encode the routing code and tracking code into an Intelligent Mail barcode, barcode dimensions and spacing, clear zone, skew and rotation tolerance, and print characteristics. The assignment of a Barcode Identifier, Service Type Identifier, and Mailer ID are described by the respective publications for each extra service. These publications are available at *http://ribbs.usps.gov/*.

1.4 Reflectance

1.4.1 Background Reflectance

A background reflectance of at least 50% in the red portion and 45% in the green portion of the optical spectrum must be produced in the following locations when measured with a USPS or USPS-licensed envelope reflectance meter:

- a. The barcode clear zone of a card-size or a letter-size piece barcoded in the lower right corner.
- b. The area surrounding the barcode (within 1/8 inch of the leftmost and rightmost bars and 1/25 inch above and below the barcode) of a card-size, letter-size, or flat-size piece barcoded in the address block and of a flat-size, First-Class Mail parcel, or First-Class Package Service parcel barcoded elsewhere.



204.1.4.2

1.4.2 Print Reflectance Difference

A print reflectance difference (PRD) of at least 30% in the red and green portions of the optical spectrum is required between the background material of the mailpiece and the barcode, when measured with a USPS or USPS-licensed envelope reflectance meter. (PRD equals the reflectance of the background minus the reflectance of the ink.)

1.4.3 Opacity

The material on which the barcode appears must have enough opacity to prevent printing from "showing through" to the extent that it interferes with postal equipment that reads the barcode. The print contrast ratio (PCR) of print (other than the barcode) that shows through the barcode clear zone or the barcode area in the address block must not exceed 15% when measured in the red and green portions of the optical spectrum.

1.4.4 Dark Fibers and Background Patterns

Dark fibers or background patterns that produce a print contrast ratio of more than 15% when measured in the red and green portions of the optical spectrum are prohibited in these locations:

- a. The area of the address block or the barcode clear zone where the barcode appears on a card-size or a letter-size piece mailed at automation prices or at Enhanced Carrier Route saturation or high density prices.
- b. The area of the address block or the area of the mailpiece where the barcode appears on a flat-size piece in an automation mailing or on a First-Class Mail parcel or a First-Class Package Service parcel.

1.5 Skew and Baseline Shift

1.5.1 Card-Size and Letter-Size Pieces

For a barcode on a card-size or a letter-size piece, the combined effects of positional skew (slant or tilt of the entire barcode baseline) and rotational skew (slant or tilt of the individual barcode bars) must be limited to a maximum rotation of the bars of ± 5 degrees from a perpendicular to the bottom edge of the piece. The individual bars of a barcode must not shift (be vertically offset) more than 0.015 inch from the average baseline of the barcode. For information on barcode placement for card-size and letter-size pieces, see 202.5.0.

1.5.2 Flat-Size Pieces and USPS Marketing Mail Parcels

The maximum rotational skew (slant or tilt of the individual barcode bars) for barcodes is ± 10 degrees from a perpendicular to the baseline of the barcode. There is no positional skew requirement. The individual bars of a barcode must not shift (be vertically offset) more than 0.015 inch from the average baseline of the barcode. For information on barcode placement for flat-size pieces, see 202.5.0. For information on barcode placement on parcels, see 202.6.0.

1.6 Barcode Software and Hardware Certification

1.6.1 Purpose

To help mailers evaluate the quality of their equipment producing barcodes, the USPS offers optional testing and certification to manufacturers of barcoding software and hardware. Certified barcoding equipment ensures that the



equipment can produce dimensionally correct barcodes meeting postal specifications. Certification does not ensure that barcodes produced from that equipment can meet the requirements for automation prices because many other variables in barcode production (e.g., ink color and quality, paper color and contrast, equipment operation and maintenance) affect the quality of the barcodes printed on mailpieces.

1.6.2 Testing Arrangements

Manufacturers who want their products tested and mailers who want information on available certified products should contact the National Customer Support Center (see 608.8.0 for address).

2.0 Standards for Package and Extra Service Barcodes

2.1 Intelligent Mail Package Barcode

2.1.1 Definition

[7-10-17] An Intelligent Mail package barcode (IMpb) is the USPS-developed barcode that can be read by automated parcel processing equipment and scanning devices, and consists of a data string that generally follows the GS1-128 specification. These barcodes include a variable length format that is determined by the elements selected by the mailer, and supplies tracking and routing data for packages and extra service applications. Intelligent Mail package barcodes may be used on all packages, and on other mailpieces requesting extra services. All mailers generating Intelligent Mail package barcodes must also submit piece-level information to the USPS via an approved electronic file format (except for mailers generating barcodes for use on return services products, such as MRS). Electronic files must include the destination delivery address (recommended) and/or ZIP + 4 for all records. The ZIP + 4 is recommended, but not required to be encoded into the barcode.

2.1.2 Barcode Location

See 202.6.1.for barcode location standards.

2.1.3 Barcode Data Fields

The following fields are used in conjunction with the Intelligent Mail package barcode. Not every barcode type will use every field, and some fields may be suppressed from the human-readable text. Detailed specifications are provided in Publication 199 and on RIBBS at *http://ribbs.usps.gov/*.

- a. *Channel Application Identifier (AI)*: identifies the business induction channel from which the mailpiece originated and the location of the payment record.
- b. *Channel Identifier*: identifies the retail system from which the barcode originates.
- c. Destination ZIP Code.
- d. *Device Identifier:* used in conjunction with the AI to identify the exact printing source.
- e. Julian Date: used in conjunction with the AI to identify the print date.





- f. *Mailer Identifier (MID)*: identifies the 6 or 9-digit MID of the mailer or mail service provider. A 6-digit MID must begin with a "0" through an "8" and a 9-digit MID must begin with a "9."
- g. Mod 10 Check Digit: used as the final digit in the barcode string.
- h. *Postal Code Application Identifier*: identifies the presence of a routing code, when used.
- i. *Serial Number*: identifies the mailpiece, the length for which is determined by the induction channel for the mailer.
- j. Service Type Code: a 3-digit code that identifies the mail class, product and/or extra services.
- k. *Source Identifier*: a 2-digit field that identifies the type of online source or platform that generated the barcode.

2.1.4 Physical Barcode Requirements

Detailed physical specifications for barcodes are provided in the resource documents and Publication 199, available on RIBBS at *http://ribbs.usps.gov/*. Physical barcode requirements are as follows:

- a. Barcode Symbology: generally follows GS1-128 symbology.
- b. *X-Dimension*: defines the width of the narrowest bar or space element within the barcode and must be between 0.013 inch and 0.021 inch. X-Dimension must remain constant through the barcode.
- c. *Barcode Length*: the overall length is a function of the number of characters encoded and the X-Dimension used.
- d. *Barcode Height*: unless allowed by exception, the minimum height must be at least 0.75 inch.
- Minimum Horizontal Barcode Quiet/Clear Zone: must measure at least ten (10) times the X-Dimension to the left and right of the barcode. A clear zone of at least 0.25 inch is recommended.
- f. *Minimum Vertical Barcode Quiet/Clear Zone*: a clear zone of at least 0.125 inch must be maintained directly above and below the barcode.
- g. *Human-Readable Representation of Barcode Data and Service Banner*: text must be printed in accordance with Exhibit 2.1.4 and as follows:
 - 1. Human-readable text cannot extend beyond the length of the identification bars.
 - Service Banners must include the human-readable text "USPS SIGNATURE TRACKING #" (or "USPS SIGNATURE TRACKING NUMBER") for mailpieces requiring a signature at delivery and "USPS TRACKING #" (or "USPS TRACKING NUMBER") for all other mailpieces. Service Banner text shown in Exhibit 2.1.4 is an example. See Publication 199 for additional information.



- h. *Identification Bars*: are horizontal black lines that extend at least the total combined width of the barcode and the minimum horizontal clearance to the left and right of the barcode, and may extend beyond this measurement to the width of the label are printed in accordance with Exhibit 2.1.4.
- i. *ZIP Identifier for Concatenated Barcodes*: barcodes containing a postal routing code must include a "ZIP" marking above the barcode as shown in Exhibit 2.1.4.

Exhibit 2.1.4 Barcode Specifications



2.1.5 Print Quality Requirements

Detailed specifications for measuring print quality are defined in the Intelligent Mail Package Barcode Specification and Publication 199. Print quality requirements are as follows:

- a. *Reflectance*: barcodes must be printed on substrate (e.g. shipping label) of uniform color and must meet requirements for reflectance as measured on a USPS-specified reflectance meter or barcode verifier.
- b. *Symbol Contrast*: when measured in accordance with the Intelligent Mail Package Barcode Specification, must be greater than 40 percent.
- c. *Barcode Quality*: barcodes in each mailing must have an acceptable overall symbol grade.

2.1.6 Quality Assurance

Mailers must perform routine inspections and testing of labels and barcodes to ensure quality

2.1.7 Electronic File

All mailers generating Intelligent Mail package barcodes must transmit piece-level information to the USPS in an approved electronic file format (except for mailers generating barcodes for use on return services products, such as MRS). Specifications for electronic files are available on RIBBS at http://ribbs.usps.gov/. Electronic files must include the following elements:

- a. *Header Record*: provides summary information regarding the entity transmitting the file and the nature of the mailing.
- b. *Detail Record 1*: defines the class and service type of the item, fees and postage, destination ZIP Code and information related to containerization.





- c. *Detail Record 2*: provides detail on special products (e.g. Priority Mail Express).
- d. Version 1.6 (or subsequent versions) of the electronic shipping services manifest files including each destination delivery address or ZIP + 4 Code. Effective January 25, 2015, shipping services manifests, or other approved electronic documentation, must include the destination delivery address or delivery point validated (DPV) 11-digit ZIP Code for each record in the file.
- e. Electronic shipping manifest files, or approved alternative electronic documentation, must include data identifying the mailing agent and mail owner, as applicable.

2.1.8 Alternate Approval

Labels not meeting IMpb specifications or other label element standards, but are still able to demonstrate acceptable functionality within USPS processes, may be allowed using an alternative approval process authorized by the vice president, Product Information.

2.2 Other Package Barcodes

2.2.1 Basic Standards for Postal Routing Barcodes

A separate postal routing barcode may be used on parcels to provide routing information, when used in conjunction with an IMpb. Each parcel must bear a properly prepared GS1-128 barcode symbology as described in 2.2.2 that accurately represents the correct ZIP Code or ZIP+4 code of the delivery address. For information on barcode placement for parcels, see 202.6.0.

2.2.2 Basic Elements of Postal Routing Barcodes

GS1-Code128 postal routing barcode data elements include:

- a. *Barcode Type*. GS1-128 is the only acceptable barcode and must be printed within Subset C.
- b. *Start Code.* Postal routing barcodes must start with a Symbol Start Code, which is not shown in the human-readable text.
- c. *Function One (FNC1).* The FNC1 numeric character for GS1-128 follows the symbol start character, is part of the symbology overhead, and is not shown in the human-readable text.
- d. *Application Identifier (AI).* The AI for a postal routing barcode is "420" for domestic mail and is not shown in the human-readable text.
- e. *ZIP Code or ZIP+4 Code.* Postal routing barcodes must include the 5-digit ZIP Code or ZIP+4 code of the address. Only the 5-digit ZIP Code appears in the human-readable text.
- f. Check Digit. A check digit must be added at the end of the sequence of numbers to validate the authenticity of the number. GS1-128 postal routing barcodes must utilize a MOD 103 check digit, which is not shown in the human-readable text.
- g. *Stop Code.* The GS1-128 postal routing barcode must end with a Symbol Stop Code, which is not shown in the human-readable text.







GS1-128 Format (as described in a-g)



2.2.3 Use With USPS Tracking or Signature Confirmation

Eligible machinable parcels may qualify for the barcode discount and bear a USPS Tracking or Signature Confirmation barcode using one of the following options:

a. The Single Concatenated Barcode (see Exhibit 2.2.3a). Mailers may place a single concatenated barcode that combines the postal routing information and USPS Tracking or Signature Confirmation information. Single concatenated barcodes must be prepared in accordance with the technical specifications and requirements in 503 for USPS Tracking or Signature Confirmation, and in Publication 199. If a parcel bears a single concatenated barcode that contains the postal routing barcode may be affixed to the package.

Exhibit 2.2.3a Confirmation Services Concatenated GS1-128 Barcode Format



b. Separate Barcodes. Mailers may place both a postal routing barcode described in 2.2.2 and a USPS Tracking barcode or Signature Confirmation barcode described in 503 and in Publication 199 on the same parcel.





Exhibit 2.2.3b Confirmation Services GS1-128 Barcode Format Using a Separate Postal Routing Barcode



2.2.4 Use With Confirmation Services and Insurance (Integrated Barcode) To eliminate the need to place one barcode for USPS Tracking or Signature Confirmation and another barcode for insurance, eligible machinable parcels may qualify for the barcode discount by placing a single integrated barcode that combines USPS Tracking or Signature Confirmation and insurance using one of the following options:

- a. Single Concatenated Integrated Barcode that combines postal routing information and postal insurance (503.4.0) with USPS Tracking service or Signature Confirmation service. Single concatenated integrated barcodes must be prepared in accordance with the technical specifications and requirements in 503 for USPS Tracking and Signature Confirmation, and Publication 199. If a parcel bears a single concatenated integrated barcode then no other barcode that contains the postal routing barcode may be affixed to the package.
- b. Separate Barcodes. Mailers may place both a postal routing barcode described in 2.2.2 and an integrated barcode that combines insurance as described in 2.2.4a on the same parcel with USPS Tracking in 503.7.0 or Signature Confirmation in 503.8.0. The integrated barcode option allows electronic mailers to combine multiple special services into a single barcode on their packages.

2.2.5 Dimensions

The preferred range of widths of narrow bars and spaces is 0.015 inch to 0.017 inch. The width of the narrow bars or spaces must be at least 0.013 inch but no more than 0.021 inch. All bars must be at least 0.75 inch high.

2.2.6 Location

See 202.6.1 for barcode location standards.



2.2.7 Clear Zone

The barcode must be located as specified in 202.6.2. No printing may appear in an area 1/8 inch above and below the barcode. A minimum clear (quiet) zone equal to 10 times the average measured narrow element (bars or space) width must be maintained to the left and right of the barcode.

2.2.8 Reflectance

Barcodes must be printed on substrate (e.g. shipping label) of uniform color and must meet requirements for reflectance as measured on a USPS-specified reflectance meter or barcode verifier.

2.2.9 Quality

All barcodes in each mailing must measure American National Standards Institute (ANSI) grade C or above. Information concerning ANSI guidelines X3.182-1990 may be obtained from the ANSI (see 608.8.3).

2.2.10 Human-Readable Information

The human-readable information on the barcode must conform to one of the following options:

- a. For postal routing barcodes printed under 2.2.2, 2.2.3b, and 2.2.4b, if the postal routing barcode is printed on a separate label, the human-readable equivalent of the ZIP Code or ZIP+4 code encoded in the barcode preceded by the word "ZIP" must be printed between 1/8 inch and 1/2 inch below the barcode in 10-point or larger bold sans-serif type. Alternatively, the word "ZIP" may be placed no less than 10 times the average narrow bar or space element width and no more than 1/2 inch to the left of the barcode, in 10-point or larger bold sans-serif type (see Exhibit 2.2.2). While not recommended, if the postal routing barcode is printed on the delivery address label and is in close proximity to the address, the human-readable equivalent of the ZIP Code (and the word "ZIP") may be omitted.
- b. For barcodes printed under 2.2.3b or 2.2.4b the human-readable information for the concatenated or concatenated/integrated barcode must include as text the application identifiers (AI) 420 and 91 and the full tracking identification number. When the AI 420 and ZIP Code information is used, it must be parsed separately from the main body of text. The first group will contain the 420 AI, space, 5-digit ZIP Code, space, +4 code (if used), space, with the remaining human-readable text parsed in groups of four with the remaining digits grouped at the end (e.g., 420 22021 9122 1234 5678 9123 4567 83).

2.2.11 Service Banner Text

Except with Certified Mail, Registered Mail, Adult Signature, Parcel Return Service, and Priority Mail Express or Priority Mail Open and Distribute services, mailers preparing extra service barcodes under 2.2 may optionally use a "USPS TRACKING #" human-readable service banner text above the barcode on packages not requiring a signature at delivery, and a "USPS SIGNATURE TRACKING #" service banner text above the barcode on packages where a signature is required at delivery.



204.2.2.12

2.2.12 Technical Specifications

Postal routing codes must meet the technical specifications in the GS1-128 Application Identifier Standard, which can be obtained from Uniform Code Council Inc. (see 608.8.0), and the barcode characteristics in 2.0.

2.2.13 Substrate Material

Barcodes must be printed on substrate material that preserves the optical specification as described in the AIM-USA Uniform Symbology Specification documents. Typically, white label stock commonly used for barcode generation is suitable, providing it is not glossy (causing mirror-like, specular reflection) or prone to smearing or smudging.

3.0 Standards for Barcoded Tray Labels, Sack Labels, and Container Placards

3.1 General

3.1.1 Tray and Sack Labels

[7-10-17] Intelligent Mail tray labels are the USPS-approved method to encode routing, content, origin, and mailer information on trays and sacks. Intelligent Mail tray labels are designed for optimum use with Intelligent Mail barcoded mail and have the capacity to provide unique identification throughout postal processing, but are required for use on all trays and sacks in presorted mailings.

3.1.2 Container Placards

Mailer-generated container placards bearing Intelligent Mail container barcodes identify the mail owner or agent and uniquely identify the unit (pallet, container, or rolling stock). Intelligent Mail container placards are designed for use with Intelligent Mail barcoded mail and Intelligent Mail tray labels.

- a. Intelligent Mail container placards are not required for small mailings of USPS Marketing Mail, Periodicals, and Bound Printed Matter letters and flats when entered at a BMEU, if the mailing is less than 500 pounds of bundles or sacks, and fewer than 72 linear feet of trays.
- b. Intelligent Mail container placards are not required when entering mail at a co-located BMEU within the service area where mail is entered, if the mailing consists of 100 but less than 250 pounds of bundles or sacks, and at least 12 but fewer than 35 linear feet of trays.

3.2 Specifications for Barcoded Tray and Sack Labels

3.2.1 Use

Exhibit 3.2.1 shows the types of mail requiring barcoded tray or sack labels. Barcoded labels must meet these general standards:

- a. Mailers must use the appropriate size label for the sack or tray.
- b. Mailer-produced barcoded labels must meet the standards in 3.0, and tray labels must be non-adhesive.



- c. All information on barcoded labels must be machine-printed. Alterations to preprinted barcoded labels (e.g., handwritten changes) may not be made.
- d. Barcoded labels must be inserted completely into the label holder on the tray or sack to prevent their loss during transport and processing.

Exhibit 3.2.1 Required Barcoded Tray and Sack Labels

PRICE OR TYPE	PROCESSING CATEGORY
First-Class Mail	
Automation price	Letter-size, flat-size
Cobundled and cotrayed under 705.9.0 through 705.13.0	Flat-size
Periodicals	
Automation price	Letter-size, flat-size
Cobundled and cosacked under 705.9.0 through 705.13.0	Flat-size
USPS Marketing Mail	
Automation price	Letter-size, flat-size
Enhanced Carrier Route high-density and saturation letter prices	Letter-size (barcoded labels not required for letter-size pieces with simplified addresses or paid at nonletter prices)
Cobundled and cosacked under 705.9.0 through 705.13.0	Flat-size
Automation, Presorted, and Enhanced Carrier Route in letter trays under 245.3.0	Flat-size
Automation and Presorted in letter trays cotrayed under 705.9.0 using 245.3.0 option	Flat-size
Bound Printed Matter	
Barcoded	Flat-size

3.2.2 Line 1 (Destination Line)

The destination line must meet these standards:

- a. *Placement.* The destination line must be the top line of the label. An exception is that one line of extraneous information may appear above the destination line on tray and sack labels as provided in 3.3.2, and 3.3.3f. The destination line must be completely visible when placed in the label holder. Visibility is ensured if the destination line is no less than 1/8 (0.125) inch below the top of the label, when the label is cut and prepared.
- b. Information. The destination line must contain only the information required by the standards for the class, processing category, sortation level of the tray or sack, and the prices claimed. This information is contained in the labeling lists for all sortation and price levels except trays and sacks to carrier route, 5-digit carrier routes, merged 5-digit, and 5-digit destinations. For the destination line of carrier route, 5-digit carrier routes, merged 5-digit, and 5-digit trays and sacks, the city, two-letter state abbreviation, and 5-digit ZIP Code of the destination 5-digit ZIP Code area must be shown.





c. Overseas Military Mail. The exact content identifier number (CIN) that matches the level of tray or sack must be used in the barcode and its numeric line on barcoded tray or sack labels. The required second line of information that corresponds to the CIN must appear on the human-readable content line of the label. The human-readable content line is automatically printed when labels are obtained through the CLDS system (*clds.usps.com*). A footnote at the end of the content line information means that the mailer must add appropriate information when ordering and printing tray and sack labels.

3.2.3 Line 2 (Content Line)

The content line must meet these standards:

- a. *General*. The content line must appear directly below the destination line as shown in 3.2.2b or 3.2.2c. This line must show the class, processing category, and the sortation level of the tray or sack as required by the applicable standards for the mailing. The appropriate content identifier number (CIN) in 3.2.4 that corresponds to that content line must be used in the barcode.
- Periodicals. Except as provided in 705.8.16 for copalletized mailings and in 207.27.2 for combined mailings, Periodicals publications must use one of the following for Line 2 class information:
 - 1. "PER."
 - 2. "NEWS" if published weekly or more often or if authorized newspaper treatment as of March 1, 1984.
- c. Additional Information. For 3-digit scheme trays as specified by the labeling list, the content line for some destinations must be followed by the letter "A," "B," or "C," which is not required to be right-justified. For carrier route trays and sacks, the content information must be followed by a one-letter carrier route type description followed by a space and a 3-digit route number for the route to which the tray is destined.

3.2.4 3-Digit Content Identifier Numbers

The exact content identifier number (CIN) that matches the level of tray or sack must be used in the barcode and its numeric line on barcoded tray or sack labels. The required second line of information that corresponds to the CIN must appear on the human-readable content line of the label. The human-readable content line is automatically printed when labels are obtained by mailers through the CLDS system *(clds.usps.com)*. A footnote at the end of the content line information means that the mailer must add appropriate information when ordering and printing tray and sack labels. See Exhibit 3.2.4.



Exhibit 3.2.4 3-Digit Content Identifier Numbers

L

CLASS AND MAILING	CIN	HUMAN-READABLE CONTENT LINE	CLASS AND MAILING	CIN	HUMAN-READABLE CONTENT LINE
PRIORITY MAIL EXPRESS	OPEN	AND DISTRIBUTE	FCM Flats - Presorted		
Dropship, all container levels	143	EXPRESS DROPSHIP	5-digit trays	278	FCM FLTS 5D NON BC
PRIORITY MAIL OPEN AN	D DIST	TRIBUTE	3-digit trays	279	FCM FLTS 3D NON BC
Dropship, all container levels	165	PMOD	ADC travs	280	FCM FLTS ADC NON BC
Letters, all classes	029	PMOD LTRS	mixed ADC travs	282	FCM FLTS NON BC WKG
Flats, all classes	030	PMOD FLTS			tion and Dressetted
Parcels, all classes	025	PMOD PARCELS	5-digit travs	221	FCM FLTS 5D BC/NBC
All Other Classes. Parcels			3-digit trays	222	FCM FLTS 3D BC/NBC
DDU parcels	031	PMOD PARCELS DDU	ADC travs	231	FCM FLTS ADC BC/NBC
SCF parcels	032	PMOD PARCELS SCF	mixed ADC trave	232	FCM FLTS BC/NBC WKG
ADC parcels	033	PMOD PARCELS ADC		202	
ASF/NDC irregular parcels	034	PMOD IRREG NDC	FCM Flats — Single-Piece	, 222	
ASF/NDC machinable	035	PMOD MACH NDC	PERIODICALS (PER)	202	FOW SINGLE FLIS WING
parcels			PER Lattors - Carrier Pe	uto	
FIRST-CLASS MAIL			saturation price travs	369	
FCM Letters — Automation	n		high depoits price trave	270	PER LING WOO
5-digit scheme trays	241	FCM LTR BC 5D SCHEME	high density price trays	370	PER LTRS WSH'
5-digit trays	242	FCM LTR 5D BC	basic price trays	366	PER LTRS CR ¹
AADC trays	245	FCM LTR AADC BC	5-digit carrier routes trays	367	PER LTRS CR-RTS
mixed AADC trays	246	FCM LTR BC WKG	3-digit carrier routes trays	368	PER LTRS 3D CR-RTS
FCM Letters — Nonautom	ation I	Machinable	PER Letters — Barcoded	(Auton	nation)
AADC trays	258	FCM LTR AADC MACH	5-digit scheme trays	341	PER LTRS BC 5D SCHEME
mixed AADC trays	260	FCM LTR MACH WKG	5-digit trays	342	PER LTRS 5D BC
FCM Letters — Presorted	Nonm	achinable	3-digit scheme trays	343	PER LTRS BC SCHEME ²
5-digit trays	267	FCM LTR 5D MANUAL	3-digit trays	344	PER LTRS 3D BC
3-digit trays	269	FCM LTR 3D MANUAL	AADC trays	345	PER LTRS AADC BC
ADC trays	270	FCM LTR ADC MANUAL	mixed AADC trays	346	PER LTRS BC WKG
mixed ADC trays	268	FCM LTR MANUAL WKG	PER Letters – Nonbarcoo	ded (No	onautomation)
FCM Letters — Single-Pie	ce		5-digit trays	350	PER LTRS 5D NON BC
single-piece trays	260	FCM SNGLP LTRS WKG	3-digit trays	353	PER LTRS 3D NON BC
FCM Flats – Automation			ADC trays	356	PER LTRS ADC NON BC
5-digit trays	272	FCM FLTS 5D BC	mixed ADC trays	359	PER LTRS NON BC WKG
3-digit trays	273	FCM FLTS 3D BC	PFR Flats — Carrier Pout	_	
ADC trays	274	FCM FLTS ADC BC	car. rt. sacks – saturation	387	PEB FLTS WSS ¹
mixed ADC trays	275	FCM FLTS BC WKG	car. rt. sacks — high density	388	
		•	san in sacio ingri adridity	000	LEN LIS WOH



CLASS AND MAILING	CIN	HUMAN-READABLE CONTENT LINE	CLASS AND MAILING	CIN	HUMAN-READABLE CONTENT LINE
car. rt. sacks — basic	385	PER FLTS CR ¹	merged 3-digit sacks	352	PER FLTS CR/5D/3D
5-digit carrier routes sacks	386	PER FLTS 5D CR-RTS	PER Irregular Parcels –		
5-digit scheme car. rts. sacks	371	PER FLTS CR-RTS SCH	Merged Carrier Route and	Preso	rted
3-digit carrier routes sacks	351	PER FLTS 3D CR-RTS	merged 5-digit sacks	340	PER IRREG CR/5D
DED Elats - Barcoded			merged 3-digit sacks	354	PER IRREG CR/5D/3D
5-digit sacks	372	PER FLTS 5D BC	merged 5-digit scheme sacks	365	PER IRREG CR/5D SCH
5-digit scheme sacks	372	PER FLTS 5D SCH BC	DED Irrogular Darools - C	orrior	Pouto
3-digit sacks	373	PER FLTS 3D BC	saturation price sacks	397	
SCF sacks	377	PER FLTS SCF BC	high density price sacks	398	
ADC sacks or trays	374	PER FLTS ADC BC		000	PER IRREG WSH
mixed ADC sacks or trays	375	PER FLTS BC WKG	basic price sacks	395	PER IRREG CR
origin mixed ADC sacks or	381	PER FLTS WKG W FCM	5-digit carrier routes sacks	396	PER IRREG 5D CR-RTS
trays			5-digit scheme car. rts. sacks	399	PER IRREG CR-RTS SCH
PER Flats – Nonbarcoded	1		3-digit carrier routes sacks	355	PER IRREG 3D CR-RTS
5-digit scheme sacks	378	PER FLT 5D SCH NON BC	PER Irregular Parcels — Pi	resort	ed
5-digit sacks	378	PER FLTS 5D NON BC	5-digit sacks	389	PER IRREG 5D
3-digit sacks	379	PER FLTS 3D NON BC	3-digit sacks	390	PER IRREG 3D
SCF sacks	384	PER FLTS SCF NON BC	SCF sacks	394	PER IRREG SCF
ADC sacks or trays	380	PER FLTS ADC NON BC	ADC sacks or trays	391	PER IRREG ADC
mixed ADC sacks or trays	382	PER FLTS NON BC WKG	mixed ADC sacks or trays	392	PER IRREG WKG
origin mixed ADC sacks or trays	381	PER FLTS WKG W FCM	origin mixed ADC sacks or trays	363	PER IRREG WKG W FCM
PER Flats – Cosacked Ba	rcodeo	d and Nonbarcoded	PERIODICALS (NEWS)		
5-digit scheme sacks	321	PER FLT 5D SCH BC/NB	NEWS Letters — Carrier Re	oute	
5-digit sacks	321	PER FLTS 5D BC/NBC	saturation price trays	469	NEWS LTRS WSS ¹
3-digit sacks	322	PER FLTS 3D BC/NBC	high density price trays	470	NEWS LTRS WSH ¹
SCF sacks	329	PER FLTS SCF BC/NBC	basic price trays	466	NEWS LTRS CR ¹
ADC sacks or trays	331	PER FLTS ADC BC/NBC	5-digit carrier routes trays	467	NEWS LTRS CR-RTS
mixed ADC sacks or trays	332	PER FLTS BC/NBC WKG	3-digit carrier routes trays	468	NEWS LTRS 3D CR-RTS
origin mixed ADC sacks or travs	381	PER FLTS WKG W FCM	NEWS Letters — Barcodeo	l (Auto	omation)
			5-digit scheme trays	441	NEWS LTR BC 5D SCHEME
PER Flats — Merged Carrier Route. Bar	coded	l. and Nonbarcoded	5-digit trays	442	NEWS LTRS 5D BC
merged 5-digit sacks	339	PER FLTS CR/5D	3-digit scheme trays	443	NEWS LTRS BC SCHEME ²
merged 5-digit scheme	349	PER FLTS CR/5D SCH	3-digit trays	444	NEWS LTRS 3D BC
sacks			AADC trays	445	NEWS LTRS AADC BC
FSS scheme	707	PER FLTS 5D FSS SCH BC	mixed AADC trays	446	NEWS LTRS BC WKG
FSS facility	703	PER FLTS 5D FSS FAC BC			



CLASS AND MAILING	CIN	HUMAN-READABLE CONTENT LINE	CLASS AND MAILING	CIN	HUMAN-READABLE CONTENT LINE
NEWS Letters — Nonbarco	oded (l	Nonautomation)	mixed ADC sacks or trays	432	NEWS FLTS BC/NBC WKG
5-digit trays	450	NEWS LTRS 5D NON BC	origin mixed ADC sacks or	481	NEWS FLTS WKG W FCM
3-digit trays	453	NEWS LTRS 3D NON BC	trays		
ADC trays	456	NEWS LTRS ADC NON BC	NEWS Flats – Merged Carrier Boute, Bar	coded	and Nonbarcoded
mixed ADC trays	459	NEWS LTRS NON BC WKG	merged 5-digit	439	NEWS FLTS CR/5D
NEWS Flats — Carrier Rou	te		merged 5-digit scheme	449	NEWS FLTS CR/5D SCH
car. rt. sacks — saturation	487	NEWS FLTS WSS ¹	FSS scheme	708	NEWS FLTS 5D FSS SCH
car. rt. sacks — high density	488	NEWS FLTS WSH ¹			BC
car. rt. sacks — basic	485	NEWS FLTS CR ¹	FSS facility	704	NEWS FLTS 5D FSS FAC BC
5-diait carrier routes sacks	486	NEWS FLTS 5D CB-BTS	merged 3-digit sacks	452	NEWS FLTS CR/5D/3D
5-digit scheme car. rts. sacks	471	NEWS FLTS CR-RTS SCH	NEWS Irregular Parcels –	Droco	rtad
3-digit carrier routes sacks	451	NEWS FLTS 3D CB-BTS	merged Carrier Route and merged 5-digit	440	NEWS IRREG CR/5D
	101		meraed 5-digit scheme	465	NEWS IRREG CR/5D SCH
5-digit sacks	472	NEWS FLTS 5D BC	merged 3-digit sacks	454	NEWS IRREG CR/5D/3D
5-digit scheme sacks	472	NEWS FLTS 5D SCH BC		Corrio	* Devite
3-digit sacks	473	NEWS FLTS 3D BC	saturation price sacks	497	
SCE sacks	477	NEWS FLTS SCE BC	high donsity price seeks	109	NEWS IRREG WSS
ADC sacks or travs	474	NEWS FLTS ADC BC		490	NEWS IRREG WSH'
mixed ADC sacks or travs	475	NEWS FLTS BC WKG	basic price sacks	495	NEWS IRREG CR ¹
origin mixed ADC sacks or	481	NEWS FLTS WKG W FCM	5-digit carrier routes sacks	496	NEWS IRREG 5D CR-RTS
trays	401		5-digit scheme car. rts. sacks	499	NEWS IRREG CR-RTS SCH
NEWS Flats — Nonbarcode	ed	I.	3-digit carrier routes sacks	455	NEWS IRREG 3D CR-RTS
5-digit scheme sacks	478	NEWS FLT 5D SCH NON BC	NEWS Irregular Parcels —	Preso	rted
5-digit sacks	478	NEWS FLTS 5D NON BC	5-digit sacks	489	NEWS IRREG 5D
3-digit sacks	479	NEWS FLTS 3D NON BC	3-digit sacks	490	NEWS IRREG 3D
SCF sacks	484	NEWS FLTS SCF NON BO	SCF sacks	494	NEWS IRREG SCF
ADC sacks or trays	480	NEWS FLTS ADC NON BC	ADC sacks or trays	491	NEWS IRREG ADC
mixed ADC sacks or trays	482	NEWS FLTS NON BC WKG	mixed ADC sacks or trays	492	NEWS IRREG WKG
origin mixed ADC sacks or trays	481	NEWS FLTS WKG W FCM	origin mixed ADC sacks or trays	463	NEWS IRREG WKG W FCM
NEWS Flats — Cosacked F	Barcoc	led and Nonbarcoded	USPS MARKETING MAIL		
5-digit scheme sacks	421	NEWS FLT 5D SCH BC/NBC	ECR Letters — Barcoded		
5-digit sacks	421	NEWS FLTS 5D BC/NBC	saturation price	557	MKT LTR BC WSS ¹
3-digit sacks	422	NEWS FLTS 3D BC/NBC	high density or high density	557	MKT LTR BC WSH ¹
SCF and origin/entry SCF sacks	429	NEWS FLTS SCF BC/NBC	pius price basic price	557	MKT LTR BC LOT ¹
ADC sacks or trays	431	NEWS FLTS ADC BC/NB	5-digit carrier routes trays	564	MKT LTR 5D CR-RT BC



CLASS AND MAILING	CIN	HUMAN-READABLE CONTENT LINE	CLASS AND MA
3-digit carrier routes trays	565	MKT LTR 3D CR-RT BC	5-digit scheme ca
ECR Letters — Nonautom	ation (Machinable)	MKT Flats – Co
saturation price	569	MKT LTR MACH WSS ¹	5-digit scheme sa
high density or high density plus price	569	MKT LTR MACH WSH ¹	5-digit sacks
basic price	569	MKT LTR MACH LOT ¹	3-digit sacks
5-digit carrier routes trays	567	MKT LTR 5D CR-RT MACH	ADC sacks
3-digit carrier routes trays	568	MKT LTR 3D CR-RT MACH	mixed ADC sacks
ECR Letters — Nonautom	ation (Nonmachinable)	MKT Flats —
saturation price	608	MKT LTR MAN WSS ¹	Merged Carrier I merged 5-digit
high density or high density	608	MKT LTR MAN WSH ¹	merged 5-digit sch
pius price	000		FSS scheme
basic price	608	MKT LTR MAN LOT ¹	FSS facility
5-digit carrier routes trays	609	MKT LTR 5D CR-RT MAN	MKT Elats - Au
3-digit carrier routes trays	611	MKT LTR 3D CR-RT MAN	5-digit sacks
MKT Letters — Automatio	n		5-digit scheme sa
5-digit scheme trays	541	MKT LTR BC 5D SCHEME	3-digit sacks
5-digit trays	542	MKT LTR 5D BC	ADC sacks
AADC trays	545	MKT LTR AADC BC	mixed ADC sacks
mixed AADC trays	546	MKT LTR BC WKG	
MKT Letters — Nonautom	ation l	Machinable	5-digit scheme sa
AADC trays	558	MKT LTR AADC MACH	5-digit socks
mixed AADC trays	560	MKT LTR MACH WKG	3-digit sacks
MKT Letters — Presorted	Nonm	achinable	
5-digit trays	604	MKT LTR 5D MANUAL	mixed ADC assis
3-digit trays	606	MKT LTR 3D MANUAL	ITIIXEU ADO SACKS
ADC trays	607	MKT LTR ADC MANUAL	MKT Flats — Res Prices
mixed ADC trays	605	MKT LTR MANUAL WKG	residual sacks
MKT Letters — Residual F	Pieces	Subject to FCM	Customized Mar
single-Piece Prices residual trays	560	MKT LTRS WKG	CMM letter trays
Enhanced Corrier Devite 1	loto	Nonoutomotion	CMM flat trays
saturation price sacks	587		CMM sacks
high density or high density	588		ECR Marketing
plus price sacks			saturation price sa
basic price sacks	589	MKT FLTS ECRLOT ¹	high density price
5-digit carrier routes sacks	586	MKT FLTS CR-RTS	basic price sacks

LASS AND MAILING	CIN	HUMAN-READABLE CONTENT LINE						
-digit scheme car. rts. sacks	529	MKT FLTS CR-RTS SCH						
IKT Flats — Cosacked Automation and Nonautomation								
-digit scheme sacks	521	MKT FLT 5D SCH BC/NBC						
-digit sacks	521	MKT FLTS 5D BC/NBC						
-digit and origin/entry -digit sacks	522	MKT FLTS 3D BC/NBC						
DC sacks	531	MKT FLTS ADC BC/NBC						
nixed ADC sacks	532	MKT FLTS BC/NBC WKG						
/KT Flats —								
Nerged Carrier Route, Aut	tomati	on, and Presorted						
nerged 5-digit	539	MKT FLTS CR/5D						
nerged 5-digit scheme	549	MKT FLTS CR/5D SCH						
SS scheme	709	MKT FLTS 5D FSS SCH BC						
SS facility	705	MKT FLTS 5D FSS FAC BC						
/KT Flats — Automation								
-digit sacks	572	MKT FLTS 5D BC						
-digit scheme sacks	572	MKT FLTS 5D SCH BC						
-digit sacks	573	MKT FLTS 3D BC						
DC sacks	574	MKT FLTS ADC BC						
nixed ADC sacks	575	MKT FLTS BC WKG						
/KT Flats — Nonautomat	ion							
-digit scheme sacks	578	MKT FLT 5D SCH NON BC						
-digit sacks	578	MKT FLTS 5D NON BC						
-digit sacks	579	MKT FLTS 3D NON BC						
DC sacks	580	MKT FLTS ADC NON BC						
nixed ADC sacks	582	MKT FLTS NON BC WKG						
/KT Flats — Residual Piec Prices	ces Su	bject to FCM Single-Piece						
esidual sacks	582	MKT FLTS WKG						
Customized MarketMail (C	:мм)							
CMM letter trays	206	DEL LTR MKT CMM MAN						
CMM flat trays	207	DEL FLTS MKT CMM MAN						
CMM sacks	205	DEL MKT CMM MAN						
CR Marketing Parcels								
aturation price sacks	599	MKT MKTG WSS ¹						
igh density price sacks	600	MKT MKTG WSH ¹						
asic price sacks	601	MKT MKTG LOT ¹						



CLASS AND MAILING	CIN	HUMAN-READABLE CONTENT LINE	CLASS AND MAILING	CIN	HUMAN-READABLE CONTENT LINE
5-digit carrier routes sacks	598	MKT MKTG CR-RTS	ADC sacks	638	PSVC FLTS ADC BC
MKT Marketing Parcels les	s than	n 6 oz. and Irregular	mixed ADC sacks	639	PSVC FLTS BC WKG
5-digit scheme sacks	590	MKT IBBEG 5D SCH	BPM Flats — Co-sacked B	arcod	ed and Presorted
5-digit sacks	590	MKT IRREG 5D	5-digit scheme sacks	648	PSVC FLTS 5D SCH BC/NBC
SCF sacks	596	MKT IRREG SCF	FSS scheme	710	PSVC FLTS 5D FSS SCH BC
ASF sacks	571	MKT IRREG ASF	FSS facility	706	PSVC FLTS 5D FSS FAC BC
NDC sacks	570	MKT IRREG NDC	5-digit sacks	648	PSVC FLTS 5D BC/NBC
mixed NDC sacks	594	MKT IRREG WKG	3-digit sacks	661	PSVC FLTS 3D BC/NBC
MKT Marketing Parcels 6 d	oz. or r	more and Machinable	SCF sacks	667	PSVC FLTS SCF BC/NBC
Parcels			ADC sacks	668	PSVC FLTS ADC BC/NBC
5-digit sacks	670	MKT MACH 5D	mixed ADC sacks	669	PSVC FLTS BC/NBC WKG
5-digit scheme sacks	670	MKT MACH 5D SCH	Carrier Route BPM – Irreg	gular F	Parcels
ASF sacks	672	MKT MACH ASF	carrier route sacks	697	PSVC IRREG CR ¹
NDC sacks	673	MKT MACH NDC	5-digit carrier routes sacks	698	PSVC IRREG CR-RTS
mixed NDC sacks	674	MKT MACH WKG	5-digit scheme car. rt. sacks	698	PSVC IRREG CR-RTS SCH
MKT Machinable and Irreg	ular P	arcels – Presorted	Presorted BPM — Irregula	r Parc	els
5-digit sacks	603	MKT MACH-IRREG 5D	5-digit sacks	690	PSVC IRREG 5D
5-digit scheme sacks	603	MKT MACH-IRREG 5D SCH	5-digit scheme sacks	690	PSVC IRREG 5D SCH
PACKAGE SERVICES			 3-digit sacks 	691	PSVC IRREG 3D
Carrier Route BPM – Flats	5		SCF sacks	696	PSVC IRREG SCF
carrier route sacks	657	PSVC FLTS CR ¹	ADC sacks	692	PSVC IRREG ADC
5-digit scheme car. rts. sacks	659	PSVC FLTS CR-RTS SCH	mixed ADC sacks	694	PSVC IRREG WKG
5-digit carrier routes sacks	658	PSVC FLTS CR-RTS	Carrier Route BPM — Mac	hinah	le Parcels
Presorted BPM — Flats			carrier route sacks	687	PSVC MACH CB ¹
5-digit scheme sacks	649	PSVC FLTS 5D SCH NON			
5-digit sacks	649	PSVC FLTS 5D NON BC	5-diait sacks	680	PSVC MACH 5D
3-digit sacks	650	PSVC FLTS 3D NON BC	5-digit scheme sacks	680	PSVC MACH 5D SCH
SCF sacks	654	PSVC FLTS SCF NON BC	ASF sacks	682	PSVC MACH ASF
ADC sacks	651	PSVC FLTS ADC NON BO	NDC sacks	683	PSVC MACH NDC
mixed ADC sacks	653	PSVC FLTS NON BC WKG	mixed NDC sacks	684	PSVC MACH WKG
Presorted BPM – Automa	tion Fl	ats	Media Mail and Llbrary Ma	ail Flats	s – Presorted
5-digit sacks	635	PSVC FLTS 5D BC	5-digit sacks	649	PSVC FLTS 5D NON BC
5-digit scheme sacks	635	PSVC FLTS 5D SCH BC	3-digit sacks	650	PSVC FLTS 3D NON BC
3-digit sacks	636	PSVC FLTS 3D BC	ADC sacks	651	PSVC FLTS ADC NON BC
SCF sacks	637	PSVC FLTS SCF BC	mixed ADC sacks	653	PSVC FLTS NON BC WKG



CLASS AND MAILING	CIN	HUMAN-READABLE CONTENT LINE	CLASS AND MAILING	CIN	HUMAN-READABLE CONTENT LINE
Media Mail and Llbrary N	Mail Irreg	gular Parcels – Presorted	NDC sacks	570	MKT IRREG NDC
5-digit scheme sacks	690	PSVC IRREG 5D SCH	mixed NDC sacks	594	MKT IRREG WKG
5-digit sacks	690	PSVC IRREG 5D	Combined Package Serv	ices and	l Parcel Select Parcels
3-digit sacks	691	PSVC IRREG 3D	5-digit sacks	688	PSVC PARCELS 5D
ADC sacks	692	PSVC IRREG ADC	5-digit scheme sacks	688	PSVC PARCELS 5D SCH
nixed ADC sacks	694	PSVC IRREG WKG	Combined Package Serv	ices, Pa	rcel Select, and
Media Mail and Library N	Aail Mac	hinable Parcels –	USPS Marketing Machin	able Par	rcels
resorted		I	5-digit sacks	660	MKT/PSVC MACH 5D
5-digit scheme sacks	680	PSVC MACH 5D SCH	5-digit scheme sacks	660	MKT/PSVC MACH 5D SCH
j-digit sacks	680	PSVC MACH 5D	ASF sacks	662	MKT/PSVC MACH ASF
3-digit sacks	682	PSVC MACH ASF	NDC sacks	663	MKT/PSVC MACH NDC
ADC sacks	683	PSVC MACH NDC	mixed NDC sacks	664	MKT/PSVC MACH WKG
mixed ADC sacks	684	PSVC MACH WKG	Combined Package Serv	ices, Pa	rcel Select, and
PARCEL SELECT			USPS Marketing—All Pa	rcels	
Parcel Select Machinabl	e Parcel	s	5-digit sacks	603	MKT/PSVC PARCELS 5D
5-digit sacks	680	PSVC MACH 5D	5-digit scheme sacks	603	MKT/PSVC PARCELS 5D SCH
5-digit scheme sacks	680	PSVC MACH 5D SCH	Combined Deckage Serv	iaaa Da	real Salact and
ASF sacks	682	PSVC MACH ASF	USPS Marketing—Irregu	lar Parc	els 2 up to 6 oz
NDC sacks	683	PSVC MACH NDC	(APPS-machinable)		
nixed NDC sacks	684	PSVC MACH WKG	3-digit sacks	501	MKT/PSVC 3D
Parcel Select DSCF and	ווחס Pri	ices	ADC sacks	502	MKT/PSVC ADC
5-digit sacks	688	PSVC PARCELS 5D	Mixed ADC sacks	506	MKT/PSVC WKG
5-digit scheme sacks	688	PSVC PARCELS 5D SCH	Combined PSVC & MKT- and tubes and rolls (not a	– Irregul APPS-m	lar Parcels less than 2 oz, achinable)
Parcel Select — Irregula	r (Nonm	achinable) Parcels	3-digit sacks	591	MKT/PSVC IRREG 3D
3-digit sacks	691	PSVC IRREG 3D	ADC sacks	592	MKT/PSVC IRREG ADC
Parcel Select Lightweigh	nt Machi	nable Parcels	Mixed ADC sacks	594	MKT/PSVC IRREG WKG
5-digit sacks	670	MKT MACH 5D	1. This information must be fo	llowed b	y a one-letter carrier route typ
5-digit scheme sacks	670	MKT MACH 5D SCH	description, followed by a	3-digit ro	ute number for the route to
ASF sacks	672	MKT MACH ASF	space is permitted betwee	estined. <i>i</i> en the typ	be description and route
NDC sacks	673	MKT MACH NDC	number. 2 This information must be fo	llowed by	, the appropriate scheme lette
mixed NDC sacks	674	MKT MACH WKG	A, B, or C if applicable for	the desti	nation of the tray as indicated
Parcel Select Lightweigh	nt Irregu	lar Parcels	in LUU2, Column B.		
5-digit sacks	590	MKT IRREG 5D			
5-digit scheme sacks	590	MKT IRREG 5D SCH			
SCF sacks	596	MKT IRREG SCF			
ASF sacks	571	MKT IRREG ASF			



3.2.5 Line 3 (Origin Line)

The origin line must appear below the content line, except as allowed under 3.3.4 and 3.2.5a and 3.2.5b. The origin line must show the city and state of the entry Post Office or the mailer's name and the city and state of the mailer's location (city and state information may be abbreviated if such abbreviations are in the USPS City State Product). A mailer code assigned by the USPS or such words as "Mailer" or "From" may appear before the required information on this line. Mailers who choose to print destination entry office information on line 3 instead of the origin information must print the origin information as follows:

- a. When the origin information is not printed on line 3, it must be printed right-justified in the "MAILER AREA" shown in Exhibit 3.3.2.
- b. When the origin information is printed in the "MAILER AREA" instead of line 3, it must be directly preceded by "ORIGIN:" or "ORGN:" and it may contain, at a minimum, the mailer's name and ZIP Code of origin entry.

3.3 Specific Standards for Intelligent Mail Tray Labels

3.3.1 Definition

Intelligent Mail tray labels are 2-inch labels used on trays and sacks to provide unique identification within postal processing. 24-digit Intelligent Mail tray labels include only a 24-digit barcode printed in International Symbology Specification (ISS) Code 128 subset C symbology (see Exhibit 3.3.2). Intelligent Mail tray labels also include a human readable field designed to indicate the carrier route for carrier route mailings, display an "AUTO" indicator text for automation mailings, or remain blank for nonautomation mailings. Mailers using Intelligent Mail tray labels must print labels in the 24-digit Intelligent Mail tray label format. Detailed specifications for the tray label and barcode formats are at *http://ribbs.usps.gov.*

3.3.2 24-Digit Intelligent Mail Tray Label

Intelligent Mail tray labels, printed in the 24-digit format, can be used on all trays and sacks to uniquely identify each tray and sack in addition to each mailer or mail preparer. 24-digit Intelligent Mail tray labels bear a single barcode and permit an expanded mailer's use area (see Exhibit 3.3.2).

Exhibit 3.3.2 Intelligent Mail Tray Label







3.3.3 Intelligent Mail Tray Label Format

The core data elements for the Intelligent Mail tray label are as follows:

- a. Printer Line.
- b. Tray or Sack Destination (Postal destination name).
- c. Content Identifier Number (CIN) description (tray or sack content).
- d. Office of mailing or mailer information.
- e. Destination ZIP Code (the ZIP Code of the trays' or sacks' final destination).
- f. Carrier Route information.
- g. Mailer ID (unique identifier of the mailer).
- h. 24-digit, ISS Code 128 subset C barcode numeric line.
- Mailer area (set aside for mailer-generated human-readable information or for origin information on 24-digit Intelligent Mail tray labels when the mailer chooses to print destination entry office information on line 3 of the tray label).

3.3.4 Barcode Composition

The barcode composition is dependent on the Mailer ID assigned by the USPS. Upon request by the mailer, the USPS assigns a 6-digit or 9-digit Mailer ID based on the demonstrated mail volume of the mailer. Intelligent Mail tray barcodes contain the following elements:

- a. Destination ZIP Code.
- b. Content Identifier Number (CIN), as listed in Exhibit 3.2.4.
- c. Processing code, identifying the system or facility generating the label.
- d. Mailer ID.
- e. Serial number, a unique number assigned to each tray or sack.
- f. Label type, a default digit.

3.3.5 Unique Serial Number

The Intelligent Mail tray barcode can encode a unique identifier for each tray and sack. Tray or sack serial numbers associated to an individual Mailer ID cannot be duplicated within a 45-day period, regardless of the acceptance location.

3.3.6 Quality Assurance Provisions

Mailers printing Intelligent Mail tray labels are responsible for the inspection and testing of the labels prior to submission to USPS and for maintaining the overall quality of the labels produced. Inspection and testing of Intelligent Mail tray labels should be performed periodically. Mailers and label vendors are encouraged to submit samples to the National Customer Service Center (NCSC) in Memphis for certification (see 608.8.0 for address).



3.4 Intelligent Mail Container Placards (Labels)

3.4.1 Definition

Mailer-generated container placards bearing Intelligent Mail container barcodes identify pallets and other rolling stock, such as all-purpose containers. Intelligent Mail container barcodes uniquely identify each container and may be scanned at induction points. Detailed specifications for Intelligent Mail container barcodes and placards are available at *http://ribbs.usps.gov.*

3.4.2 Intelligent Mail Container Placard Configurations

Intelligent Mail container placards must be affixed on the outside of any shrinkwrap or plastic by self-adhesive or other adhesive means. Placards may be produced in two configurations:

- a. Affixed placard measuring at least 8 inches by 11 inches. See 3.4.3 for placard specifications and 3.4.5 placard placement.
- b. Optional affixed placard measuring at least 4 inches by 7 inches. See 3.4.6 for placard specifications and 3.4.5 for placard placement.

3.4.3 Intelligent Mail Container Placard Format

In addition to the requirements for pallet placards in 705.8.6, Intelligent Mail container placards (see Exhibit 3.4.3) must retain the top one-half of the placard for USPS-required elements, except as allowed under 705.8.6.6. The USPS banner, identification bars, and human-readable text are required elements related to the Intelligent Mail container barcode and will serve as a guide to distinguish the barcode from the other information on the container placard. Required elements include:

- a. USPS Banner. "USPS SCAN REQUIRED" must be printed in all uppercase letters centered above the barcode and embedded within the upper identification bar. Clear zone and font size are as follows:
 - 1. A clear zone of at least 0.125 inch, but no more than 0.5 inch, must be maintained between the bottom edge of the text and the top of the barcode.
 - The banner must be printed in a boldface sans-serif font of at least 14-point type.
- b. Identification Bars. Horizontal black bars of at least 0.10 inch thick must be printed above and below the barcode. At a minimum, the bars must extend the length of the barcode. Clear zone and other requirements are as follows:
 - 1. The upper bar must be printed at least 0.125 inch above the top edge of the barcode.
 - 2. The upper bar must have a void in the middle sufficient to insert the USPS banner without any element being obscured.
 - 3. The lower bar must be printed at least 0.125 inch below the human-readable representation of the barcode string.
- c. Human-Readable Representation of Barcode Data. The human-readable representation of barcode data (text) must be printed in a boldface sans-serif font of at least 12-point type. The text must not exceed the length of the



barcode and must be separated by data field. Two blank character spaces must be left between each field. The text must be centered at least 0.125 inch, but no more than 0.25 inch, below the barcode.

- d. Barcode Location. The barcode, along with the corresponding USPS banner and identification bars, must be printed on the front side of the pallet placard. When the identification bars extend beyond the length of the barcode, the barcode must be horizontally centered.
- e. Minimum size. The minimum size of this placard is 8 inches high by 11 inches long. See additional specifications at *http://ribbs.usps.gov.* Mailers using larger placards must ensure the barcode conforms to the published specification and the human-readable content is provided as illustrated in Exhibit 3.4.3 and as published on the RIBBS web site.

Exhibit 3.4.3 Intelligent Mail Container Placard



3.4.4 Barcode Format

Intelligent Mail container barcodes are 21 characters in length and contain a USPS-assigned Mailer ID. The format depends on the Mailer ID assigned. Intelligent Mail container barcodes contain the following elements:

- a. Application identifier, identifying the source of the barcode.
- b. Type indicator, identifying internal or external label generation.
- c. Mailer ID.
- d. Serial number, a unique number assigned to each container.



3.4.5 Placard Requirements

Mailers may use placards bearing Intelligent Mail container barcodes only under the following conditions:

- Two placards must be placed on each pallet, one on each adjacent side. Placards must be affixed by self-adhesive or other adhesive means that will not obscure any required element of the placard and remain secure throughout USPS processing.
- b. One placard must be placed in the designated area on other USPS containers.
- c. Placards affixed to pallets containing Periodicals mail must be pink, except under 3.4.5d or 3.4.5e.
- d. Placards prepared in the optional smaller format under 6.6 may be white, but must include a vertical pink 1/2-inch wide identification bar along the left-hand side of the placard, unless prepared under 3.4.5e.
- e. Placards containing Periodicals may be all white when used in conjunction with a pink designator label meeting the following criteria:
 - 1. Designator labels must be printed in landscape orientation and, except for the defined mailer-use area, must not include any print or graphics, other than the required markings in 3.4.5e2 and 3.4.5e3. Mailers may place extraneous information, meeting the criteria in 705.8.6.8, only in the mailer-use area of the label.
 - 2. The mailer-use area consists of the bottom 3 inches of designator labels measuring at least 8 inches by 11 inches, and the bottom 1 inch of designator labels measuring less than 8 inches by 11 inches. Mailers must define the mailer-use area by placing a horizontal black line of at least 0.10 inch in thickness, extending the width of the label, and must include "MAILER-USE ONLY" text printed in all uppercase letters centered and embedded within the horizontal black line. This text must be printed using boldface sans-serif font and must be in at least 14-point type.
 - Designator labels must meet or exceed both the horizontal and vertical dimensions of the accompanying Intelligent Mail container placard and must bear only a "PERIODICALS" or "NEWS" marking at least 1/2-inch high (or at least 48-point type).
 - 4. Designator labels may be affixed on the outside of, or be placed beneath, any shrinkwrap or plastic, but must be immediately adjacent to the Intelligent Mail container placard.
 - 5. When using this option, each Intelligent Mail container placard must be accompanied by an adjacent designator label.

3.4.6 Optional Smaller Placard Format

Mailers may prepare placards bearing Intelligent Mail container barcodes (see Exhibit 3.4.6) in a smaller alternate format as follows:

a. Placards must include the required elements described in 705.8.6.





- b. Placards must measure no less than 4 inches high by 7 inches long.
- c. Placards prepared in the minimum size of 4 inches high by 7 inches long may include a restricted mailer/acceptance unit area that cannot exceed one line of text or contain print no larger than 12 point. Text in the restricted mailer/acceptance unit area must be restricted to the bottom line of the placard (below the lower barcode identification bar).
- d. Intelligent Mail container placards prepared in the optional smaller format, but measuring more than 4 inches high by 7 inches long in both (or either) dimensions, must preserve the top 3.75 inches of the placard, or the area including and above the lower barcode identification bar (whichever is greater), for USPS-required elements. The remainder of the placard is available for restricted mailer/acceptance unit use. Text in the restricted mailer/acceptance unit area, when used, must contain print no larger than 12 point.
- e. All text placed in the mailer/acceptance unit area must be approved by the business mail entry unit (BMEU) servicing the mailer for acceptance and verification, except as allowed under 705.8.6.6a. or 705.8.6.6b. for optional placement of required origin office/mailer location information. Mailers wishing to include information other than that approved or allowed for use in this area must use the larger size placard specified in 3.4.3.
- f. Placards must be securely affixed on two adjacent sides on the outside of the shrinkwrap or plastic of pallets.
- g. Placards containing Intelligent Mail container barcodes must meet the specifications for placards posted at *http://ribbs.usps.gov.*

Exhibit 3.4.6 Intelligent Mail Container Placard—Optional Format with Restricted Mailer Area





3.4.7 Unique Barcode Requirement

The Intelligent Mail container barcode can encode a unique identifier for each container. Mailers must ensure that serial numbers in barcodes remain unique for 45 days.

3.4.8 Quality Assurance Provisions

Mailers printing Intelligent Mail container placards are responsible for the inspection and testing of the placards prior to submission to the USPS and for maintaining the overall quality of the placards they produce. Inspection and testing of Intelligent Mail container placards should be performed periodically. Mailers are encouraged to work with their local mailpiece design analyst to validate the accuracy and quality of their placards.



204.3.4.8