

G000 The USPS and Mailing Standards

G010 Basic Business Information

G011 Post Offices and Postal Services

Summary

G011 describes the opening and closing of post offices, holiday service, and the territories and possessions that are eligible for domestic rates. It also covers consumer complaints, inquiries, and Private Express Statutes.

1.0 POST OFFICES

Establishment

1.1

1.2

1.3

The USPS establishes and maintains post offices, stations, and branches for customer convenience.

Closing or Consolidation

Under 39 U.S. Code (USC) 404(b), any decision to close or consolidate a post office must be based on certain criteria. These include the effect on the community served; the effect on employees of the post office; compliance with government policy established by law that the USPS must provide a maximum degree of effective and regular postal services to rural areas, communities, and small towns where post offices are not self-sustaining; the economic savings to the USPS; and other factors that the USPS determines necessary. In addition, certain mandatory procedures apply.

Procedures

The Postal Operations Manual contains USPS rules for discontinuing, consolidating, or suspending service at an existing post office or other postal facility; changing a post office or other postal facility name; setting public business hours of postal facilities; and using bulletin boards and handling lost articles found in public areas of postal facilities.

Military Post Offices

Military post offices (MPOs) are branches of a U.S. civil post office, operated by the Army, Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps to serve military personnel overseas or aboard ships. The term includes Army post offices (APOs) for the U.S. Army and the U.S. Air Force and fleet post offices (FPOs) for the U.S. Navy and the U.S. Marine Corps. MPOs provide postal service for military personnel where the U.S. civil postal service does not operate and a military situation requires the service. MPOs are established or discontinued by the USPS only on request of the military department that operates them. Notice of these actions is published in the *Postal Bulletin*. Military post offices do not verify and accept bulk or discounted-rate mail; such mailings must be deposited at (nonmilitary) U.S. post offices.

Holiday Service

1.5

Exhibit 1.5 shows the national holidays observed by the USPS and the service levels provided on those holidays for retail window, post office box, firm call, delivery, and collection services.

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Exhibit 1.5 Holiday Service Levels

A. Holidays Widely Observed

New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day

				Delivery			
Holiday	Retail Window	Post Office Box	Firm Call	Business	Residential	Express Mail	Collection
Friday							
Friday (Holiday) Service	None	Holiday	None	None	None	Holiday	Time decal
Saturday Service	Limited	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
Sunday Service	None	Normal	None	None	None	Normal	None
Saturday							
Friday Service	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
Saturday (Holiday) Service	None	Holiday	None	None	None	Holiday	Time decal
Sunday Service	None	Normal	None	None	None	Normal	Time decal
Sunday							
Saturday Service	Limited	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
Sunday Service	None	Normal	None	None	None	Normal	None
Monday (Holiday) Service	None	Holiday	None	None	None	Holiday	Time decal ¹
Monday							
Saturday Service	Limited	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
Sunday Service	None	Normal	None	None	None	Normal	None
Monday (Holiday) Service	None	Holiday	None	None	None	Holiday	Time decal ¹
Tuesday, Wednesday, or Thursday							
Preceding Day Service	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
Holiday Service	None	Holiday	None	None	None	Holiday	Time decal

^{1.} When a holiday is observed on Monday and no residential collection is scheduled on Sunday, a full residential collection may be provided on the Monday holiday. Consecutive days without collections should be avoided.

B. Holidays Not Widely Observed

Martin Luther King, Jr.'s Birthday; Presidents Day; Columbus Day; and Veterans Day

					Delivery		
Holiday	Retail Window	Post Office Box	Firm Call	Business	Residential	Express Mail	Collection
Saturday Service	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal
Sunday Service	None	Normal	None	None	None	Normal	None
Monday Holiday Service	Limited	Sunday	Limited	None	None	Holiday	Time decal ²

^{1.} Veterans Day, November 11, is the only movable holiday in the group of holidays designated as not widely observed; the other three holidays listed in section B are always observed on Mondays. When Veterans Day falls on any day except Sunday, the services provided on that holiday are the same as those shown for Monday. When Veterans Day falls on Sunday, the service levels are the same as those shown for Sunday; the USPS, however, observes the holiday on Monday and treats it as a Monday holiday.

Note: Exceptions to these service levels must be approved by a district manager.

Definition of Terms

Holiday—Service determined by national, area, and/or district guidelines.

Limited—Service adjusted to meet the limited needs of a community on that particular day.

Normal—Service normally provided on that particular day of the week.

Sunday—Service normally provided on Sunday for that particular service.

Time decal—Collections from boxes with decals identifying the last pickup time.

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When a holiday is observed on Monday and no residential collection is scheduled on Sunday, a full residential collection may be provided on the Monday holiday. Consecutive days without collections should be avoided.



2.0 MAIL SERVICE

Domestic

Domestic mail is mail transmitted within, among, and between the United States of America, its territories and possessions, Army post offices (APOs), fleet post offices (FPOs), and the United Nations, NY. For this standard, the term *territories and possessions* comprises the following:

American Samoa Nava

Manua Island, Swain's Island,

Tutuila Island

Baker Island

Guam

Howland Island Jarvis Island

Johnston Atoll

East Island, Johnston Island, North Island,

Sand Island

Kingman Reef

Midway Atoll

Eastern Island, Sand Island, Spit Island

Navassa Island

Northern Mariana Islands, Commonwealth of the

Rota Island, Saipan Island,

Tinian Island

Palmyra Atoll

Puerto Rico, Commonwealth of

U.S. Virgin Islands

St. Croix Island, St. John Island,

St. Thomas Island

Wake Atoll

Peale Island, Wake Island,

Wilkes Island

Mail Treated as Domestic Mail

2.2

Mail originating in the United States of America, its territories and possessions, APOs, FPOs, and the United Nations, NY, for delivery in the Freely Associated States, and mail originating in the Freely Associated States for delivery within, among, and between the Freely Associated States and the United States of America, its territories and possessions, APOs, FPOs, and the United Nations, NY, is treated as if it were domestic mail. The term *Freely Associated States* comprises the following:

Marshall Islands, Republic of the Micronesia, Federated States of

Ebeye Island Chuuk (Truk) Island
Majuro Island Kosrae Island
Palau, Republic of Pohnpei Island
Koror Island Yap Island

International

International mail is mail addressed to or received from foreign countries, except under 2.2. Provisions for international mail are in the *International Mail Manual*.

3.0 CONSUMER COMPLAINTS AND INQUIRIES

Any postal customer may complain or inquire about postal products, services, or employees at any post office or directly to the USPS Consumer Advocate (see G043 for address). A complaint or inquiry may be made in person, by telephone, by e-mail, or by letter. A complaint or inquiry about the handling of a specific piece of mail should include the related envelope or wrapper and copies of all postal forms filed. A customer who is dissatisfied with the local handling of a complaint or inquiry may send a written appeal to the Consumer Advocate. A court of law can require such appeal as a legal prerequisite for hearing a customer's suit against the USPS.

4.0 PRIVATE EXPRESS STATUTES

Legal Foundation

By the laws known as the Private Express Statutes, Congress has generally conferred on the USPS the exclusive right to carry letters for others over post routes. USPS regulations under the Private Express Statutes are in the Code of Federal Regulations, 39 CFR 310 and 320, as amended by final rules published in the Federal Register. These regulations take precedence over all prior rulings and USPS publications. Copies of the regulations are available from the manager of

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the Chicago Rates and Classification Service Center (RCSC) (see G042 for address).

Definition of Letter

For the Private Express Statutes, a *letter* is a message directed to a specific person or address and recorded in or on a tangible object. A message consists of any information or intelligence that can be recorded on tangible objects including, but not limited to, paper in sheet or card form, recording disks, and magnetic tapes. Certain matter is excluded from the definition of letter, e.g.: telegrams; checks and certain other instruments shipped to, from, or between financial institutions; newspapers; and periodicals. The regulations detail exclusions.

Postage

If the proper postage is paid, letters may be privately carried without violating the Private Express Statutes. The regulations detail compliance. Under certain circumstances, letters may be privately carried without paying postage. The principal exceptions cover letters sent with, and related in all substantial respects to, some part of the cargo or to the ordering, shipping, or delivering of the cargo; letters carried by the senders or the recipients, or by their regular salaried employees; and letters carried to or from a postal facility where they are to be or have been carried in the mail. The regulations detail exceptions.

Suspensions

4.4

Limited suspensions of the Private Express Statutes specify the conditions under which: (a) private couriers may carry data-processing materials, international ocean carrier documents, extremely urgent letters, and advertisements incidental to the shipment of accompanying merchandise or periodicals; and (b) universities and colleges may carry the letters of their bona fide student and faculty organizations. Carriers wanting to use the suspension for data-processing materials must file a notice of their intention on a form available from the manager of the Chicago RCSC.

Violations

4.5

The Chicago RCSC reviews initial reports of possible violations of the Private Express Statutes. When warranted by the facts, possible violations are forwarded to the USPS General Counsel for further action.

Legal Advice

The public and USPS employees can obtain authoritative advice on the Private 4.6 Express Statutes, including written advisory opinions, by contacting the Senior Counsel, Ethics and Information, USPS Headquarters (see G043 for address).

5.0 POSTAL LAW VIOLATIONS

Instructions on mail security as it relates to unauthorized opening, inspection, tampering, or delay of mail are in Administrative Support Manual 274. Information and complaints on a possible postal law violation must be sent to the appropriate address according to the ZIP Code ranges shown below:

ZIP Codes	Address			
003-079, 08005, 08006, 08008, 08050, 08087, 08092, 08501-08504, 08506-08510, 08512-08514, 08516, 08517, 08519-08553, 08555-08561, 08600-08639, 08642-08691, 087-098, 100-149	POSTAL INSPECTION SERVICE PO BOX 2613 JERSEY CITY NJ 07303-2613			
08001-08004, 08007, 08009-08049, 08051-08086, 08088-08091, 08093-08099, 081-084, 08505, 08511, 08515, 08518, 08554, 08562, 08640-08641, 150-39776, 700-799	POSTAL INSPECTION SERVICE 225 N HUMPHREYS BLVD MEMPHIS TN 38120-2149			
400-693, 800-884, 850-999	POSTAL INSPECTION SERVICE 222 S RIVERSIDE PLZ STE 1250 CHICAGO IL 60606-6100			

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